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Review Article

UTILIZATION OF HERBALS AND THEIR FORMULATION IN SIDDHA TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS TYPES OF DISEASES

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ABSTRACT

Alternative medicine is any practice that is put forward as having the healing effects of medicine but is not based on evidence gathered using the scientific method. Herbalism "herbology" or "herbal medicine" is use of plants for medicinal purposes, and the study of such use. Plants have been the basis for medical treatments through much of human history, and such traditional medicine is still widely practiced today. Modern medicine recognizes herbalism as a form of alternative medicine, as the practice of herbalism is not strictly based on evidence gathered using the scientific method. The scope of herbal medicine is sometimes extended to include fungal and bee products, as well as minerals, shells and certain animal parts. Naturopathy is based on vitalism, which posits that a special energy called vital energy or vital force guides bodily processes such as metabolism, reproduction, growth, and adaptation. We have meet several siddha vaithiyars, and collected information about their treatment, the herbals used in the preparation of various formulations used to cure several diseases. Siddha vaidhiyas gave information of the treatment for various diseases. They are acute, chronic and common diseases. Thus we make awareness about the preparation of siddha formulations so, that it is easy to treat the various diseases without complication.

KEY WORDS: Siddha vaithiyam, Siddha vaithiyar, Churanam, Khasayam, Thailam,

INTRODUCTION

Alternative medicine is any practice that is put forward as having the healing effects of medicine but is not based on evidence gathered using the scientific method. It consists of a wide range of health care practices, products and therapies using alternative medical diagnosis and treatments which typically have not been included in the degree courses of established medical schools or used in conventional medicine. Examples of alternative medicine include homeopathy, naturopathy, chiropractic, energy.

medicine and acupuncture. "herbology" or "herbal Herbalism medicine" is use of plants for medicinal purposes, and the study of such use. Plants have been the basis for medical treatments through much of human history, and such traditional medicine is still widely practiced today.Modern medicine recognizes herbalism as a form of alternative medicine, as the practice of herbalism is not strictly based on evidence gathered using the scientific method. Modern medicine, does, however, make use of many plant-derived compounds as the basis for evidence-tested pharmaceutical drugs, and phytotherapy works to apply modern standards of effectiveness testing to herbs and medicines that are derived from natural sources. The scope of herbal medicine is sometimes extended to include fungal and bee products, as well as minerals, shells and certain animal parts. Naturopathy is based on vitalism, which posits that a special energy called vital energy or vital force guides bodily such as metabolism, reproduction, growth, processes and adaptation. Diagnosis and treatment focus on alternative therapies which naturopaths claim promote the body's natural ability to heal. Naturopaths focus on a holistics approach, often completely avoiding the use of surgery and drugs. Naturopaths aim to prevent illness through stress reduction and changes to diet and lifestyle, methods often rejecting the of evidence based medicine.In India, Ayurvedic medicine has quite complex formulas with 30 or more ingredients, including a sizable number of ingredients that have undergone "alchemical processing", chosen to balance "Vata", "Pitta" or "Kapha".

SIDDHA VAITHIYARS VIEW OF ACUTE DISEASE

insects poisoning

Pirayan Churanam

Streblusasper (Pirayan) whole plant is collected, dried and powdered. Then 25 gram of powder mixed with milk, boil, taken orally, three times daily.

Vakkanathi Khasayam

Diospyrosmontana (Vakkanathi) whole plant was collected, dried and powdered mixed with Piper nigrum (Milagu) powder. Then 20 grams of powder mixed with milk and boil, taken orally, twice a daily.

snake bite poisoning

Ponnavirai Khasayam

Cassia sophera root (Ponnaviraiver) was collected, dried, powdered and mixed with Piper nigrum (Milagu) powder. Then 15gramof powder mixed with water, taken orally, three times daily.

Siddha vaithiyars view of chronic disease

JAUNDICE

Kilaneli Churanam

Whole plant of the Phyllanthusniruri(Kilanelli) iscollected, dried and powdered. Then 3-4 gram of powder mixed with water taken orally, twice daily.

Adhimadhuram Maathirai

Take equal quantity of Glycyzrrhiaglabra(Adhimadhuram) and Cardiospermumhalicacaabum (Sangam) root bark and add citrus lemon (Lemon) juice.It was prepared in tablet form and mix with milk before taken. Then 2-3gram, mixed with water or milk, taken orally,three times daily.

URINARY TRACT INFECTION

AavariChuranam

Cassia auriculata (Aavari) floweris collected, dried and powder. Then 5gramof powder mix with hot water taken orally, three times daily.

UREMIA

Viralimanjal podi

35gm each of Aadhatodavasica leaf (Aadhatoda), Curcuma aromatic root (Virali) powder were taken and mixed with water to get the extract, filter to collect the filtrate. The extract is dried. Then 4-5 gram taken orally, twice daily for three days.

INFERTILIT

Kattuvalli Churanam

Dioscoreabulbifera (Kattuvalli) plant is collected , dried and powdered. Then 5 gramof powder, mixed with water or milk, taken orally, twice daily.

UTERUS INFECTION

AaduTheendapalai Khasayam

20 gm of Aristolochia bracteolate (Aadu The
endapalai)
is collected , dried and powdered, mixed with water, boiled
for $\frac{1}{2}$ hr.
Then Orally, early in the morning.

PSORIASIS

Aralichedi Thailam

Neriumindicum (Arali chedi) samoolam, (Samoolam means whole part of plants) Terminalia chebula (Kadukai) fruit skinwere.burnt slightly, powdered, mixed withAzadirachtaindicaoil.Then Apply 2ml of oil on affected part.

WHITE LEPROSY

Katuseeragam Churanam

2-4 gram of Verminiaan the lminitica (Katuseeragam) fruits were taken and powdered. Then Three times daily taken with hot water.

SKIN RASHES

Kaarbhaga Churanam

2-3 gram of Psoraliacorylifolia (Kaarbhaga) seed is taken and dried, powdered. Then Powder mixed with milk and boil, taken orally three times daily.

ASTHMA

Pathri Churanam

Powder of Zingiberaoffcinalis (Sukku), Piper nigrum (Milagu), Piper longum(Thippili), Myristicafragarans(Jathikkai), Launaeapinnaitifida (Pathri), Elletaria cardamom (Clove), Piper cubula (Valmilagu), Santalum album (Akilsandhanam),Adadhodavasaka(Adhatoda) root, Geophilaobvallata (Esanga) root, Aegelmarmelos (Vilva) root Akira miyawaki (Aakira).were mixed well and converted into powder form. Then 3-4 gramof powder mixture was taken with water, orally,twice daily.

HEART DISEASE

Sembaruthi Arishtam

Hypiscusrosasainnansis (Sembaruthi), Rosa centifolia(Rose flower),Elletaria Cardamom (Elakai) were taken and powdered. Then 0.2-0.5gm of powder mixed with milk and boil, taken orally,three times daily.

STROKE

Thaluthaalai Churanam

Three leaves of clerodendrumphlomidis(Thaluthaalai) leaf andVitexnegundo leaf (Nochiilai), were taken andboiedl with water, filter. This filtrate is collected and dried. Then 10gramof powder mixed with water, taken orally, twice daily. Castor oil is applied on affected part with friction.

DIABETES MELLITUS

Atthipattai khasayam

Twenty five grams of each Ficusracemosa bark (Attipattai),Cassia auriculata bark (Avarampattai), Terminalia arjuna bark (Attimaruthu),Asteracanthalongifoliaroot(Neermulliver),Tamarindu sindica root (Puliyampattai), Tinosporacordifolia (Seenthilkodi), Hemidesmusindicus root (Nannari),Cyperusrotundus rhizomes (Koraikizhangu), Aloe vera resin (Katralai), Piper longum (Thipili), Piper nigrum(Milagu), zingiberofficinalis (suku), Abiesweebbiana (Thalisapathiri) were taken.4 grams of Ferula foetida (Perungayam), Eugeniacaryophyllus(kirambu)were taken, dried on awhite cloth in shadow place and powdered, collected in a glass container. Then 2-4 gramof powder boiledwith water, cool,orally taken, twice daily.

Siddha vaithiyars view of common disease

DENTAL CAVITIES

Kirambu Thaila

Oil ofEugenia caryophylus (Kirambu) is taken in a cotton and place on a teeth.

TOOTH POWDER

Aalam churanam

Ficusbenghaleniss(Aalam bark) Zingiberaofficinalis(Sukku) Piper nigrum (Milagu) Emblicaofficinalis (Nellikai) Terminalia chebula(Thandrikai) were taken and powdered. Then 2-5gm, used for brushing, Two times daily.

UTERUS DISEASE

Ashokachuranam

Saracaasoca (Ashoka bark) Ficusracemosa(Athi) Phyllanthusamarus (Keelanelli) were taken and powdered. Then1-2 gramof powder mix with water take orally, twice day.

TOOTH ACHE

Piramathandu baspam

Argemone Mexicana linn (piramathandu) samulam (all part of plant) were taken and burnt to collect ash. Then 4-5gm is used for brushing, Two times daily.

Karumpula Churanam

Phyllanthus reticulates (Karumpula) is collected, dried and powdered. Then 4-5gof powder is used for brushing, two times daily.

INFLAMMATION

Anthimantharai Churanam

Mirabilis jalapaleaf Anthimantharai).is collected, dried and powdered. Then 2-5 gram, taken orally, twice daily.

STOMACH PAIN

Aamanakku Khasayam

Aamanakku leaveswere collected crushed, water was added, boiled, filtered by using clean cotton cloth. Then 2-4g ofKhasayam, taken orally, three time daily.

CONSTIPATION

Kanavaazhi Khasayam

Commelinabenghalensis (Kana vaazhiilai) leaves were collected, boiled with water, filtered by using clean cotton cloth. Filtrate was collected. Then 5 ml, taken orally,three times daily.

DYSENTRY

Masikai Churanam

20 gram ofQuercusinfecteria (Maasikai) was burnt in in earthen pot to get ash. Then 0.2-0.5gm,mixed with honey taken orally, three times daily.

ANTHALMINTICS

Kaatusiragam Churanam

Vernoniaanthelmintica (Kaatusiragam fruits were collected, dried and powdered. Then 2 to 4g, mixed with honey, taken orally, three times daily.

COUGH

Thippili Churanam

piperlongum (thippili) grind it to become powder.

Dose: 1-2gm, mixed with water taken orally, twice day.

CONCULSION

The Alternative system of medicine such as siddha system is used for various types of diseases comparatively to the allopathic system of medicines. This is proved by the siddha vaithiyars in India and worldwide. So we have made an attempt to document the work of sidddhavaithiyars in and around our native places. They have informed about the utilisation of various medicinal plants to prepare siddha formulation. We have meet several siddha vaithiyars, and collected information about their treatment, the herbals used in the preparation of various formulations used to cure several diseases. Siddha vaidhiyasgave information of the treatment for various disease.They are acute, chronic and common diseases .The diseases are treated by having various formulations like churanam, kashayam, thailam,pilis etc. More of the common diseases, acute diseases, and chronic diseases are treated by various preparations. Thus we make awareness about the preparation of siddha formulations so, that it is easy to treat the various diseases without complication.

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